

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia.) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. IX.]

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1817.

[No. 457.]

NOTICE.

THE Collector of the Revenue will attend at the following places for the purpose of receiving entries of carriages liable to duty under the laws of the United States, viz.

At his office in Winchester during the month of January, from 9 o'clock, A. M. to 5 o'clock, P. M. of each day (Sundays excepted).

At Wilson's tavern, in Battletown, on Monday the 20th of January, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At the house of John W. Gordon, in Middletown on Wednesday the 22d of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Fulton's tavern in Charlestown on Monday the 6th of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Graham's tavern at Harper's Ferry on Tuesday the 7th of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At James' tavern in Shepherdstown on Wednesday the 8th of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Moudy's tavern in Smithfield on Thursday the 11th day of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Bucklestown on Friday the 10th of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Mrs Mackey's tavern in Martinsburg on the 13th and 14th days of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At the Post Office at Bath on the 17th day of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

Persons who held carriages last year are desired, on renewing their entries, to produce to the Collector the certificates issued by him.

Retailers of Merchandise, Wines and spirits are also notified that their licenses generally expire on the 31st inst. and that a renewal of them is absolutely necessary.

W. DAVISON, Col. Rec. 9th Dis. Va. Winchester, Dec 20, 1816.

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern.

YOU are hereby notified that the direct Tax of the United States for the year 1816 has become due and payable, and that attendance will be given to receive the same at the following times and places, viz.

At the house of Mrs. Hickman in Front Royal on the 6th day of January next.

At the house of Austin Miskell in Millwood on the 7th day of January next.

At the house of John Pittman in Newtown on the 8th day of January next.

At the house of John W. Gordon in Middletown on the 9th day of January next.

At the house of Moses Russell on the 10th day of January next.

At the house of Moses Wilson in Battletown on the 13th day of January next.

At Wood's tavern on the 14th day of January next.

At the house of Aug. Green in Pogtown on the 15th day of January next.

At the house of Robert Fulton in Charles-Town on the 6th day of January next.

At the house of William Graham at Harper's Ferry on the 7th day of January next.

At the house of Thomas James, in Shepherdstown on the 8th day of January next.

At Moudy's tavern in Midd way on the 9th day of January next.

At the house of Robert Daniel in Bucklestown on the 10th day of January next.

At the house of Mrs. Mackey in Martinsburg on the 13th and 14th days of January next.

At Robinson's Mill on the 16th day of January next.

At the Post Office in Bath on the 17th day of January next.

And that correct copies of the tax lists remain with the Principal Assessor of this district open to the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same.

WM. DAVISON, Collector of the 10th Collection district of Va. Winchester, Dec 20, 1816.

FOR RENT,

That valuable Tavern Stand,

near the run, in Charlestown, now occupied by John Wilson. No situation in the town affords greater advantages for a public house than this. There is attached to the tavern a convenient log house, and an acre lot of ground. Possession will be given on the 6th of April next. For terms apply to Jacob Heatwhol, near Charlestown.

SAMUEL HULL, Dec. 25.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, agreeably to the will of the late James Hammond, deceased, a tract of land, called in said will *The Back Creek Farm*. This land is situated on Back Creek, Berkeley County, adjoining the land of Mr. R. Snodgrass, near Martinsburg—has a considerable proportion of bottom or low grounds—the high land is well adapted to the growth of wheat—supposed to contain 500 acres. Persons desirous to purchase, can make the selves acquainted with the value of this Farm, by examining it, and the terms of sale, by application to

THOMAS HAMMOND, N. B. If the said farm is not sold by the first of March, it will be for rent. Charlestown, Dec. 25.

Ladies take Notice.

The subscriber has just received at his store in Shepherdstown, a fresh and capital assortment of the best and most

FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE
The most splendid Coburg Shawls, Superfine Cassimere and Merino Ditto, Silk & Cotton ditto of all sizes and prices, Ladies' elegant socks, lined with fur, Pelisse Cloths, of best colours and quality, Superfine mul mul, musins,

Elegant Carpeting,

And almost every thing else that Ladies or Gentlemen, rich or poor, may want, and the prices are as low as they ever were, or perhaps ever will be.

JOHN KEARSLEY, Shepherdstown, Dec. 24.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the field, (on the south side of Capt. B. Beeler's farm,) the property of Thomas Fairfax, by passing through the same or pulling down the fences, as they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

JOHN DOWNEY, Agent. Dec. 25.

FOR SALE,

A part of the tract of land called Willis place, on the east side of the Shenandoah river, containing

Fifty-four Acres,

about 20 acres of which has been lately cleared, the balance is well timbered—there are no improvements, no water, but a never failing stream of good water, runs very close to it. The land is good—Terms 800 dollars, in cash and 1000 dollars at the expiration of a year without interest, or two annual payments with interest. Apply to the subscriber near Charles-Town Jefferson County Va.

BATTAILE MUSE, Nov. 6.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A VERY LARGE SUPPLY OF FALL & WINTER GOODS.

From the stock on hand the following are selected, viz.

London super and common cloths, of all most every colour
Single and double mill'd cassimeres
Ladies' cloths
Stockingnets, velvets and corduroys
Constitution and Bangup cords
Bedford and Bennett's cords
Rose, point and striped blankets
Vestings
Flannels
Bombazeens and Bombazetts
Kersey moleskins
Plains and Kerseys
Lamb's wool and worsted hosiery
Merino, satin and silk awails
Laced veils and shawls
Silk and cotton hosiery
Kid gloves
Levantine, satins and lustrings
Thread and cotton lace

An elegant assortment of LADIES' SHOES,
Velvet, silk, satin and straw bonnets
Irish linen and steerings
Cambric and fancy muslins
Bandana handkerchiefs
Silk and cotton Umbrellas.

—ALSO—
Hardware and Cuttlery,
China, Glass, Queen's, Stone,
Wooden & Potter's Ware.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES & LIQUORS,
Paints and Medicines,
Lamp and Tinner's Oil, &c. &c.

I solicit all persons wishing to buy goods, to call and examine my assortment; it is exceeded by very few; and my terms cannot help but give satisfaction.

R. WORTHINGTON, Dec. 25.

SOLE LEATEHR.

THE Subscriber has on hand a quantity of prime Spanish Sole Leather, which has been in use for upwards of two years, which he will sell low for Cash. Rye or Corn will be taken at the market price.
JACOB E. PARSON, Dec. 4.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING COMMENCED THE

Flour and Grocery Business,

at the corner of King and Payne Streets, will at all times give the highest market prices for flour and other produce.

John Mark, jr. & Co. Alexandria, Nov. 18.

RECEIVED

And just opened at the subscribers' store, near the Market House in Charlestown, A LARGE SUPPLY OF

Fall and Winter Goods,

All of which, will be sold at the most reduced prices. Our assortment being very good and all choice goods, those who wish to purchase, will certainly find it to their advantage to call here and see.

Cheap superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, Rose, striped and point Blankets, Mole-skin and other Coatings, Mole-skin, Swandown and other Vesting, Wool, Lambs' Wool, and worsted Hose, Calicoes, Linens, Muslins and Cambricks, Baize, Flannels and Bombazetts.

And a variety of goods of almost every kind suitable for this part of the country.

Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Sugar, Molasses, Wine, Spirits, French Brandy, Indigo, Madder, Logwood, &c. &c.

With an Elegant Assortment of Knives and Forks, every quality, And a variety of other Hardware and Cuttlery, Nails and Brads.

Those goods being purchased on the best terms, we are determined to sell them off very low.

JOHN CARLILE & CO. November 29.

MRS. MELROY,

From Baltimore, Has commenced, in the house which Jacob CRAFT, Clock and Watch-maker, formerly resided,

The Milliner and Mantua Making Business.

She has on hand the first fashioned SILK, STRAW & CHIP BONNETS.

She is ready to receive any order in her line, and will make Gay or Plain Bonnets on the shortest notice. She will also repair all kinds of Silk, Straw and Chip Bonnets. She hopes that her friends and the public will call on her, and she will give them all the satisfaction in her power.

She has also on hand an assortment of Fancy and Dry Goods.

Shepherd's Town, Nov. 20.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

TO be sold at public sale, to the highest bidder, for ready money, on the 21st day of January next,

A Tract or Parcel of Land, lying in the County of Jefferson, state of Virginia, containing 600 acres, being part of the land whereon Robert Lewright now lives, in a populous neighborhood, convenient to valuable mills. The sale will be made under a Deed of Trust from said Robert Lewright to the subscriber, for the use of John Day, and George Crossdale, and will take place on the premises.

ARCH. MAGILL, as Trustee, Dec. 4.

Elegance & Comfort Combined.

The subscriber has now open for sale A SUPERB ASSORTMENT OF Ladies' Pelisse Cloths,

Ladies' Morocco and Calfskin Boots, Shoes of every description,
Elegant Straw Hats and Bonnets,
Stockings in great variety,
Silks of almost all colours, twill'd, figured and plain.

Muslins of almost every description, Calicoes, an extensive assortment, Crapes in great abundance,
Silk and Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs of almost every kind,
Superfine Cloths, well assorted,
Second quality, and coarse ditto,
Rose Blankets, of all sizes and qualities,
Linen, coarse and fine, brown and white,
Flannels of various colours,
Stockingnets, Cords, Velvets, Veleterets,
Corduroys and Cassimeres, completely assorted,
Bombazets, Bombazeens, Gingham and Dimities,
Domestic Cottons, Bocking Baizes, &c. In short it is impossible to enumerate the assortment of Dry Goods now on hand, in an advertisement.

Together with Spirits, Wines, Rum, French Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, Fresh Teas, Sugars, Loaf, Lump and Brown, Coffee, Tobacco, Chocolate, good Old Cheese and Philadelphia Porter, with the whole tribe of Groceries.

China, Glass and Japan'd Wares, Bureau and Bedstead Mounting, Locks and Hinges, Nails assorted, Ropes and Brushes, and a thousand other things.

Call at the subscriber's Store, on the Hill, in Shepherd's-Town, where a little money will enable purchasers to clothe themselves with elegance and comfort.

JOHN KEARSLEY, Shepherd's-Town, Nov. 13.

FOR SALE,

A Handsome Negro Girl, fifteen years of age—Inquire of the

PRINTER, Nov. 20.

WEAVERS REEDS

of a very superior make,

AND

TEN PLATE STOVES,

just received and for sale by

W. & J. LANE,

December 11.

FULLING & DYING.

CLOTH of every description will be received at the subscribers' Fulling Mill, coloured and dressed in the best manner, agreeably to the direction of the owner. The utmost diligence will be used to finish off cloth so as to give general satisfaction to customers.

The highest price given to customers and others for SOFT SOAP.

BENJ. BEELER, Mill's-Grove, December 11.

HACK & HORSES.

THE subscriber has for hire a Hack and Horses.

ROBERT FULTON, Charlestown, Dec. 18.

TO BE SOLD,

(To none but those who live in Jefferson County.)

Three Negro Men;

and when sold, I must have a bond with security, that they shall never be sold out of said county. Also, for hire, two Negro Girls. A few hogs for sale.

THOMAS HAMMOND, Dec. 18.

John Carlile & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED A QUANTITY OF BONNETS,

plain and dress, different colours and patterns, that they will sell low.

—ALSO—

Fur and Wool Hats, and great bargains of Cloth.

All those wishing to purchase cloth, particularly superfine, should they give us a call, they shall have cheap coats.

December 18.

MONEY FOUND.

A sum of money was found on the road from Charlestown to Smithfield, on Saturday the 7th inst. The owner can have it again, by describing the money, and paying for this advertisement, on application to the subscriber.

C. WILLIS, Dec. 18.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber living about two miles from Charlestown, sometime in September last,

A Dark Bay Mare, about 14 hands high, well made, her right hind foot white, has a remarkable star in her forehead, & a lump about the size of a hen's egg under her jaw. I will give the above reward to any person giving me information of said mare, so that I get her again.

GEORGE BRYAN, December 11.

Farmers now is the time to save your COBS.

THE subscribers have their mill, (on the Opequan, one mile from Smithfield) in complete order for grinding corn, cob and all, which they will do on the shortest notice. This is a saving of one third to the farmers, it having been correctly ascertained by those who have tried it. If any one thinks otherwise, now is the time to try and be convinced.

December 4.

SEYBERT & MREA.

Stray Shoat.

CAME to the farm of Mr. Magnus Tate, near Charlestown, sometime in August last, A Sandy Coloured Bear Shoat, not marked. The owner may have it by proving property and paying charges.

Henry Nadenbusch, December 11.

GLOBE TAVERN.

FOR RENT, And possession given on the first day of April next,

The noted tavern stand, in Shepherd's-Town, known by the name of the

GLOBE TAVERN, and for some time back occupied by Mr. Thomas James.

A particular description is thought unnecessary, as any person wishing to rent will first view the property.

Immediate application must be made, as the property will be rented by the 31st inst.

BROWN & LUCAS, Shepherd's-Town, Dec. 11.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year, one dollar to be paid in advance, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued (but at the option of the Editor) until arrearages are paid.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. All advertisements sent to the Editor without having the number of times for which they are to be inserted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications to the Editor must be post paid.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Tuesday, December 21.

EDUCATION OF SOLDIERS ORPHANS.

Mr. Robertson of Lou. rose to propose an enquiry into the expediency of a measure, which, if adopted, would tend to make the institution for military education at West Point more honorable, and perhaps more useful to the nation. He did not mean to enter at all into the course pursued in regard to that academy, either as it respected the government or the persons employed: but as the institution exists, he meant to make a proposition, which would render it more creditable to the United States than it is at present, however well managed. If youths were to be educated at the public expense, Mr. R. said he should like to see some rule established by which those should receive this privilege who had some claim to it. He did not wish the institution to be filled by the sons of the influential and the wealthy only.

He should greatly prefer a moderate degree of education, to be equally diffused among all the members of the community, to any excess, in the possession of a few: he would rather that every man in the nation should understand his native language, and a few of the necessary rules of arithmetic, than that literature, of however high degree, should be exclusively possessed by some dozens of persons, scattered over the United States. It appeared to him, that by establishing institutions as now contemplated, we begin at the wrong end of society. The erection of such institutions rather shews the ostentation of the government than its benevolence or wisdom—remarks, however, which, he said, belonged to a question which might arise during the session, but was not now before the House.

On reflecting on the question who were best entitled to notice from their government, the mind was at one struck with the impression, that there is one class peculiarly entitled to its justice and favor. He alluded to the sons of those who had fallen in the service of their country. Having been thus deprived of their parents, they ought to find in society a father. If any class was entitled to peculiar favor from the country, it was the sons of those who had fallen in the public service, leaving to their children the inheritance of their bravery and their poverty. It becomes us, said Mr. R. to relieve them from their ignorance and immorality, which their situation entails on them, strip as they are of the essential support which others find in parents who guide and direct their steps. I cannot bear the idea, said Mr. R. that money should be taken from the pockets even of the indigent, to educate the sons of men of wealth, especially when we find those to whom I have alluded pining in want. I do not know that the sons of the wealthy do fill the academy: I have not enquired, but I hope the fact is not so; that such are nourished from the public breast, without attention to the claims of others more deserving the public care. For some time, said he, he had desired to establish a privileged class in this country; before I would consent to do any thing so repugnant to my principles, I would forego feelings the most dear to me. He did not consider the motion he was about to make as proposing it; as there was to be no order, no rank, nor any thing which could offend the most rigid Republican. Nor did he think that we should run much risk of inducing fathers to shed their blood too freely for the country, that they might leave their sons educated by the public; but, on the other hand, said he, let us take from them one of their fears; for they know that, in battle, the ball that deprives them of existence, takes from their sons what is dearer to them,—all prospect of education and correct morals. Under these impressions, Mr. R. said, he ventured to propose the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on military Affairs be instructed to enquire into the expediency of educating, in the Military

School at West Point, the sons of all officers, non-commissioned officers and private, who have fallen in the late war, fighting the battles of their country.

Mr. Tallmadge of Con. suggested to the honorable mover the expediency of modifying the terms of his motion, so as that, if more Academies should be created, all might stand on the same footing.

To which Mr. Robertson consented; and also, at the suggestion of Mr. Harrison of Ohio, so modified his motion as to strike out the words "in the late war," so as to make the terms general.

The resolve was then agreed to without opposition.

On motion of Mr. Blount, the committee on Post Roads were directed to enquire into the expediency of establishing a post road from Maryland, in Blount county; to Sevierville, in Sevier county, Tenn.

On motion of Mr. A. Lean of Ky. the same committee were ordered to enquire into the expediency of establishing a Post Road direct from the City of Washington to Wheeling in Virginia; through Fredericktown and Cumberland in Md. and Uniontown, Brownsville and Washington in Pennsylvania.

The engrossed bill supplementary to the act for the encouragement of vaccination, was read a third time.

Mr. Hale of Pa. required the Yeas and Nays on the passage of the bill. Although he believed he should himself vote for the bill, he thought it proper that on a bill for the establishment of a salary officer, the people should know who voted for and who against the bill; and he also wished that their constituents should know who were at this time present, and who absent from their seats.

Mr. Tucker of Va. moved that the bill should lie on the table. So far from availing themselves of the opportunity of the House being thin, to take the Yeas and Nays, to shew who were not in their seats, Mr. Tucker's motion operated at all, it should be not to take the Yeas and Nays, but to postpone the decision of the question.

The bill was laid on the table.

Two or three private bills, reported by the committee of Ways and Means, a few days ago, passed through a committee of the whole.

And the House adjourned.

Thursday, December 26.

The following Message was received from the President of the United States; which was read and referred to the committee on Foreign Relations:

To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

It is found that the existing laws have not the efficacy necessary to prevent violations of the obligations of the United States, as a nation at peace, towards belligerent parties, and other unlawful acts on the high seas, by armed vessels, equipped within the waters of the United States.

With a view to maintain more effectually the respect due to the laws, to the character, and to the neutral and pacific relations of the United States, I recommend, to the consideration of Congress, the expediency of such further legislative provisions as may be requisite for detaining vessels, actually equipped, necessary to equipment, with a view to force, within the jurisdiction of the United States; or, as the case may be, for obtaining from the owners or commanders of such vessels, adequate security against the abuse of their armaments, with the exceptions in such provisions proper for the cases of merchant vessels furnished with the defensive armaments usual on distant and dangerous expeditions; and of a private commerce in military stores, permitted by our laws, and which the law of nations does not require the United States to prohibit.

JAMES MADISON, December 23, 1816.

On motion of Mr. Johnson of Ky. the committee of Military Affairs were instructed to enquire into the expediency of authorizing the President of the United States to establish a manufactory of small arms at Newport, on Licking river, in the state of Kentucky.

Mr. Colpepper laid on the table a resolution for the meeting of the House to take place at 11 instead of 12 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Harrison the committee on Roads and Canals were directed to enquire into the expediency of granting a sum of money, to be expended under the direction of the President of the U. States in removing the obstruction to the navigation of the Ohio river created by the Falls near Louisville, Kentucky.

Mr. Desha offered the following resolution:

Resolved, As the land south of Green river, now within the limits of the state of Kentucky, was, by the state of Virginia, set apart for the purpose of satisfying claims for revolutionary services, and a portion of which land has, since, been by the general government ceded by treaty to the Chickasaw tribe of Indians, by which cession many

of the revolutionary patriots have been deprived of the benefit arising from grants for meritorious services—that the President of the United States be requested to take the necessary steps to have the Indian title to the land lying within the limits of the state of Kentucky extinguished as soon as practicable.

Mr. Calhoun, thought as the resolution was on a subject new and somewhat local in its nature, it would be better not to decide on it immediately, and moved that it lie on the

marched upon and captured Barcelona. That Mr. Gregor had 6000 troops, with several English, French, and American officers, and it was supposed he had taken Cumana, as the Governor and his family had arrived at Laguaira about the 14th November. And that at Laguaira, the fall of that place, Caracas, and the strong key of Auguara, was daily expected.

FROM THE NANUCKET GAZETTE, OF TUESDAY.
Capt. Myrick has arrived here from St. Thomas, which he left the 23 instant. He informs that a few days before he sailed, the famous Gen. Gregor & his family had departed from the Spanish Main, bound to Mexico, to join the Spanish Patriots there. That the General informed Capt. M. that the patriots had totally defeated the royalists, and had obtained possession of all that part of the country; and that the cause of his, Mc Gregor's, leaving the patriots of Venezuela, was dissatisfaction at their conduct respecting neutrals. Capt. M. was frequently in company with the General, who wore a plain dress.

FROM HAYTI.

A respectable French copy of the correspondence between Petion and the commissioners sent by Louis 18th to negotiate with him concerning the recognition of Hayti. The following proclamation may be considered as exhibiting the spirit in which that negotiation was treated by Petion, and his resolute rejection of any attempt to enroach upon the liberty and independence of the people of whom he is the chief.

TRANSLATED FROM THE PATRIOT.
LIBERTY. EQUALITY.
REPUBLIC OF HAYTI.
PROCLAMATION.

Alexander Petion, President of Hayti, TO THE PEOPLE AND THE ARMY.

The French flag has appeared on our coast, and the king of France has sent commissioners to Hayti.
Under what circumstances did they present themselves? at the moment that we were about consecrating the altars of our laws!—At the moment that I was called by your choice to defend it! at the height of the enthusiasm of a nation the most jealous of its rights, have they proposed to compromise them! for what advantages? Are there any preferable to those we enjoy?—There does not exist a Haytian whose soul is sufficiently lukewarm to consent to retract his steps in the path of glory, his duties, his rights, and his honor. Nature gave them birth; she has created us equal with other men; we will sustain them against all who dare conceive the criminal design of subjecting us. They will only find on these shores ashes mixed in blood, the sword, and avenging climate.

On this occasion, as on that which preceded it, you have shown the same respect for the rights of men. You have calculated your strength, and in leaving to your magistrates the task of explaining your dearest interest, you have patiently awaited until they explained what they had done for you; your confidence shall never be betrayed.

The authority rests on your will, and it is your will to be free and independent; you shall be so, and we will give the terrible example to the universe of burying ourselves under the ruins of our country sooner than return to servitude, even in its most modified form.

Whilst Europe entire unites at the call of philanthropy to annihilate even the trace of that most detestable traffic, whilst the most polished nations meditate and plan a general emancipation of those who still crouch under oppression; we observe with grief governments, who style themselves the most religious, nourishing principles which justice and humanity condemn.

Haytians, your protection is your arms; reserve them for those that may disturb you, and let your labour enrich a soil whose fruits you only shall collect.

I have had no personal correspondence with the commissioners of the king; it will be placed under your eyes—I have done my duty, and my duty is yours.

Signed at the National Palace of Port-au-Prince, 12th November, 1816, the 13th year of the Independence of Hayti, &c. &c.

PETION.
B. INOIGAC, Secretary General.

FROM NEW YORK, Dec. 28.

The British packet, Grace, capt. Niven, arrived at this port last evening, in 42 days from Palmouth and Bermuda, with the November mail. She sailed from Palmouth on the 11th November. The Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser have received London papers and Shipping Lists to the 4th ult. They contain no political news of importance. On the 20th of the corn market, we submit the following remarks and prices:—

Corn Exchange, London, Nov. 4.
There was a very large supply of wheat this morning, from Essex and Kent, but no fresh arrivals from any other part. Early in the morning a few fine runs from the former county sold at Monday's prices; but the trade afterwards became very dull, and the morning's prices were not obtainable by full 3s per quarter.

The corn market in Mark Lane declined very considerably on Monday. The large

arrivals of foreign grain have alarmed the great holders, who were, in consequence, very anxious to effect sales, in consequence of the low price of English wheat 75 to 100; foreign do. 80 to 104; rye, 52 to 60; flour, per sack, 85 to 95.

Mr. Pinkney, the American ambassador, arrived at Rome from Naples, on the 15th of October, from whence he was to set out on his mission to St. Petersburg. It is said he has concluded a treaty with Naples, which gives America advantages in the ports of Sicily.

Paris papers to the 4th of Nov. had reached London. The meeting of the Chambers of France took place on that day. The King in his speech to the Chambers says, "My anxiety reigns throughout the kingdom, and the exact observance of treaties, guarantee to us peace without. To the blessings we enjoy there are annexed real pains. The intemperance of the seasons has delayed the harvest; my people suffer, and I suffer more than they do, but I have the consolation of being able to inform you that the evil is but temporary and that the produce will be sufficient for the consumption."

It is a melancholy consolation to know, that whatever degrees of failure we may have occurred in our own harvest, other countries are in a much worse condition. France certainly is; so are the fruitful Netherlands, as we are informed from the Throne; and we learn with regret that the harvest has been extremely deficient in Italy, inasmuch that the government has issued a Decree allowing the importation of Wheat, Rye, Flour, Oats, and Barley of all kinds free of duty, until the 31st August, 1817.

The King of Wurtemberg died on the 30th October, and is succeeded by his son.

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Advices on Saturday reached Lloyds of the capture of the ship ult. of Cadix, of the Queen, a Spanish vessel from Havana, by the Potosi privateer, from Buenos Ayres, after a snarp action. The Queen was taken with colonial produce, and 21,000 dollars, and six guns, and a crew of 150 men, and natives of the United States, with the exception of one Spaniard. The commander is John Chase of Baltimore, the same person we believe who was recently tried and acquitted in America on a charge of piracy, for having detained one of his country vessels under the commission he holds from the Buenos Ayres government. The crew and passengers of the Queen, 51 in number, were put on board an American ship and arrived at St. Ubes on the 9th ult. Several of them were wounded, some dangerously.

The seraglio of the grand seignor of Constantinople took fire and burnt down on the 20th Sept. All his wives, 51 in number, narrowly escaped the flames.

Letters from the North state that the states of America are at present negotiating a Treaty of Commerce with Denmark.

PARIS, Oct. 20.
According to the latest information from the ministers of the interior, the state of the harvest for 1817 is as follows:

In 74 departments, 46 have made a good harvest. The harvest of 20 of these departments is superior to that of 1816, which was very abundant; that of 21 others may be considered as equal. In spite of all the inclemencies without example of the season, we may be assured, that in general more grain has been got in this year in France than in 1815. The consumption of new corn beginning later this year than ordinary, there will in all probability be an excess in the resources destined to support France to the harvest of 1817. It is true that the quality of part of the corn has been altered by the wet, but it has not lost in its nutritive quality, and as presutations will be taken that private interest recommends and experience points out, there is little doubt but that a great part of this will be found very useful.

PARIS, Oct. 18.
Mr. Pinkney has taken leave of one avocation, and has set out for St. Petersburg. There is every reason to believe that all the differences between the United States and our Court are terminated. Our honor has received no stain, and it could receive none under a Prince who is fully conscious of the dignity of his crown and the rank which his dynasty holds in Europe.

Austria has shown upon this occasion, that she was ready to support our just pretensions. It is thought that a treaty between our Court and the United States has been proposed and that it will be very advantageous to us.

Advantages have been guaranteed to the Americans in the ports of Sicily.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 12.
The arrival of the Russian frigate, the Minerva, of 44 guns, in this port, from Odessa, with Baron Strogonoff, the Russian Minister, on board, is considered here as a remarkable circumstance, because hitherto the ships of war of all nations have not been allowed to pass through the Channel.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.
New-York, December 29.
Arrival of the Pacific—At a late hour last night, the fast sailing and regular trading ship Pacific, Brown, arrived at this port from Liverpool, from whence she sailed on the 17th of November. By this arrival the Editors of the Mercantile Advertiser are put into the possession of London papers to the evening of the 15th, Liverpool of the 16th, and Lloyd's Lists to the 12th of November inclusive.

The London Courier of the evening of

the 16th, announces that the ports of Great Britain were declared open, for the importation of Grain, Flour, Oats, &c. and that the Gazette of the 10th, would contain the order.

A meeting took place at Spa Fields London, at 12 o'clock on the 16th, when the Courier was put to press—about 5000 men had been assembled and hundreds were coming up. The Lord Mayor, and secretary of the Home Department, had used every precaution to prevent any tumult, all the magistrates had received orders to be on the alert, and the military were assembling. It was the intention of the meeting to proceed in a body, with a statement of their grievances, to the Prince Regent.

A dreadful storm was experienced at Liverpool and along the coast of England, that did great damage to the shipping and towns on the coast, and destroyed many lives.

Palermo, Oct. 10. The American Commodore Chauncey left the port of Messina with his squadron in the latter end of September. It is not known whether he steered his course. The result of Mr. Pinkney's negotiations at Naples is also still unknown here. While Commodore Chauncey's squadron lay in Messina, the Americans had almost every day sanguinary quarrels with the English who were in the same port.

From the London Courier, of Nov. 15.
This was the day fixed for the meeting in Spa fields, of the distressed artisans, manufacturers, mariners, and others of London, Westminster, Southwark, and parts adjacent. The meeting was advertised for 12 o'clock.

A meeting called for purposes which could only be meant to inflame and irritate, naturally induced government to take all precautions for the public peace. The secretary of state for the Home Department was actively engaged yesterday with the principal legal authorities, the chief justices of the King's Bench and Common Pleas, and in giving proper directions to the magistrates of the different offices. All the constables of the various districts of Westminster are ordered to be in readiness. In the city the Lord Mayor gave similar directions to the Ward Constables, and others of the city. One report was that it was intended to make a procession through the City of Westminster, and that the petitioners meant to proceed to Carlton House, to force themselves into the presence of the Regent. But this they will not be permitted to do. The residence of the personage exercising the functions of sovereignty, must be respected.

In addition to the civil power, there are detachments of military in readiness for any part of the town where there services may be necessary. The usual thoroughfare thro' the Tower was stopped this morning.

About 12 o'clock there were about 5000 persons collected at Spa fields. As a quarter past, a hackney coach drove in, from which four persons got out, and one rearranged the meeting. He began by saying, "you are no longer under the government of Pitt. Be firm and you will conquer. Individually you are nothing—collectively you are every thing. You have enemies here, so mind. Indeed, whenever you meet you have enemies." A second orator said, "Gentlemen, we have the monopoly of the world." The friends of equal rights and freedom would not hear him, but put an end to his speech by pelting.

The meeting had not broken up when our paper was put to press; on the contrary hundreds were looking to it.

MARRIAGE OF THE EMPRESS OF AUSTRIA AND THE PRINCESS CHARLOTTE OF SAVOY.

Munich, Oct. 29.—This evening at half past six o'clock, the marriage of her royal highness the Princess Charlotte with his imperial majesty Francis the First, Emperor of Austria, King of Hungary and Bohemia, &c. was solemnized in the chapel of the Royal Palace, according to the rites of the Roman Catholic Church.

Monday, December 30.
The Execution Bill was passed after some discussion, yeas 70, noes 49, and sent to the Senate for their concurrence. The time is fixed on it is the first of September.

The House went into committee of the whole—on the Map Bill—Mr. Mallory in the chair.

The original bill proposed by Mr. J. Thompson (of T.) the Chairman of the Select Committee on this subject, was read; it goes in unconditional terms to repeal the Act of last winter for having a map taken of this State and a chart of each county.

Mr. Mercer (of L.) proposed a substitute, which goes to repeal so much of that Act as gives the county courts the power to contract for a chart of each county, transferring it exclusively to the Executive, with power to contract for the survey of one or several of the counties with one agent—giving the Executive also the power to dispense, if they pleased, with plumbing the chain and noting a variety of points which were embraced in the law of the last session—limiting the whole expense of the Survey of the State, exclusive of engraving, &c. to \$50,000—making it also the duty of the county surveyors to transmit regularly to the Board of Public Works a map of every new road that is run, village established, &c.

Mr. Mercer's substitute was adopted—when the Committee rose—and the House concurred.

On motion of Mr. Da's leave was granted to bring in a bill to amend the militia laws of this Commonwealth, with a view of conforming them to the Act of Congress, which requires a full Colonel to each regiment.

Tuesday, December 31.
The Engrossed bill to repeal in part the Act of last session, respecting a Map of the State, was taken up, and after a discussion, in which Mr. Blackburn opposed and Mr. Mercer advocated the bill, it was finally passed.

John Barfoot was re-elected Auditor of Public Accounts.

The bill for establishing several banks,

necessary. Mr. Chamberlayne offered an amendment, by way of rider, to include all the bills now established, said Mr. C. shewing was not known; the next proposition to shewing was the office of a broker.—He would do all in his power to keep the directors from meddling with these branches.—A namesake, waiter, and confidential friend, had said that John L. Harris had brought of making \$50,000 a year, several instances were given by Mr. Chamberlayne in which he declared good papers was refused, that certain bank directors might have the more money, or their friends, for shewing.—It had been said, pass this bill and you can find no bank directors who will not sign; what is this but saying honest men cannot be found, honest men may be found, but he wished no others. Such a bill, Mr. C. had brought forward he did not consider a violation of the charters of the banks, could this be shown he could not urge the bill.

The motion being twice read, Mr. C. dridged enquired whether Mr. Chamberlayne meant to forbid a bank director, or director, to please with his own money, his credit, &c.

Mr. Chamberlayne carried out, whether it was by the vote of a director in his private or official capacity.

After some debate in which Messrs. Robertson, Doddridge, Chamberlayne, & Taylor took a part.

The yeas and noes were called on the passage of the bill, and were:

Yeas 59
Noes 59
So the bill was negatived.

Adjourned.
Friday, December 27.

Mr. Dade called up in the House of Delegates, the execution bill, which the select Committee had brought in—Several amendments were proposed.

Mr. Alexander moved to strike out "deeds of trust" so as to let them remain unaltered.—Lost.

Mr. Stokely (of Wood) moved to introduce the bank of Marietta in the state of Ohio, as one of those whose notes might be received.—Mr. S. stated that these notes constituted a large portion of the circulating medium of his section of the country.—Carried.

Mr. McCoy (of Tyler) moved to add "the Union bank of Pennsylvania"—whose notes circulated in the North Eastern Section of the State.—Carried.

Mr. Clarke (of Powhatan) proposed to add after the enumeration of the banks, a proviso, that the court of the county where such sale is about to take place, shall previously have determined such notes to be current in that county.—Mr. C. assigned as the reason of the proposition that it would prevent any notes from being received where they are not current, while it would permit them to be tendered wherever they were current. This amendment was carried.

Mr. Dade proposed to add to the commanding clause, that this act "shall continue in force until the blank day of blank"—Carried.

Mr. Dade also proposed to amend the bill so as to make it the duty of the county courts to declare which of the notes specified were in circulation in their respective counties.—Amendment agreed to.

The objection was then put on engrossing and reading the bill the third time, which was carried.

Some private and local bills were acted on; about which the reader will in all probability feel little interest.

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was taken up; on Mr. Mercer's motion, a new section was added, declaring that nothing in this Act should preclude the General Assembly from authorizing and requiring the President and Board of Public Works to dispose of the slaves appropriated for the State, with this proviso, if they sell one third of the stock, the State will lose one of its directors; if two thirds, two of the directors, &c.

On motion of Mr. Berkshire, the first blank in the bill was filled with "The Monongalia Bank of Virginia."
Mr. Smyth offered a new section, to be introduced into the bank after the 12th section, for establishing a bank at the Wythe court-house, to be subject, in every respect, to the same restrictions, and endowed with the same privileges, as "The Monongalia Bank."—After some discussion—between Messrs. Smyth and Estlin, whether Wythe Court-house, or Abingdon in Washington county, was the most eligible site for a bank.—Mr. Smyth's motion was carried.

After some discussion as to the sum to constitute the capital stock of the Monongalia Bank, it was finally filled, on Mr. Calkins's motion, with \$174,000, which, added to the State bank, would be a little more than \$200,000.—He stated, that he understood certain gentlemen (alluding to the Senate), would not vote for any bank, whose capital was not more than 100,000 dollars.

Mr. Calkins then moved a new section to the bill incorporating a bank at Martinsburg, county of Berkeley, on the same terms as the Monongalia Bank.—Agreed to.

Mr. Estlin also proposed a section for establishing one at Abingdon.—Agreed to.

Each gentleman, as he brought forward his proposition, spoke as to the claims of his county or section to a bank—giving a statistical statement of its resources, means of employing bank capital, &c.

Several other banks are yet to be brought forward.

Mr. Mercer submitted, by way of addition, several new sections, which contemplate the establishment of a bank at Richmond, to be styled "The Literary Fund Bank," with a capital of one and a half million: one on the same principles at Norfolk with a capital of \$900,000; and one at Petersburg on the same principles.—On Mr. Mercer's motion, these sections were ordered to be printed for the consideration of the House—when the House adjourned.

Boston, Dec. 26.

Mediterranean Squadron.—By the arrival yesterday at this port, of the schr. Attraction, from Malaga, we learn that our squadron (with the exception of the frigate U.S. states, which was at Port Mahon) arrived at Malaga about the 25th Oct. from Algiers, and in consequence of the rigid quarantine required there, proceeded immediately to Gibraltar. No person landed from the squadron, but it was understood that the peace had been renewed with Algiers, without any further hostilities.

The Attractive anchor'd a few hours at Gibraltar, Nov. 11, where she saw the Washington, Constellation, and seven other vessels, probably the whole squadron. There were also there a Dutch 74 and 2 frigates.

It was lately stated on authority of a letter from Philadelphia, that an officer was recruiting for the Franklin 74; and that her complement of men would be 1100. Lest in any future wars with Great Britain, the above assertion should be brought forward by that nation, among the many already promulgated, in endeavouring to prove their superiority on the ocean, we think proper, from the best authority, to contradict it; and we are at the same time to state that by the Naval laws of this country the full complement of a 74, including officers and boys, cannot exceed 661.

AUGUSTA, (Geo.) Dec. 19.

As an evidence of the continued emigration of persons to the Alabama, a gentleman directly from that country informs us, that, as he came in, he met, in nine days' travelling, 141 wagons, 102 carts, 10 stages, 44 gigs, 2 coaches, 29 droves of cattle, 27 droves of hogs, and 2 droves of sheep. These were all bound for the Alabama, and most of them for the neighborhood of Port Claiborne, and they were all met between a place called Burnt Corn Spring, thirty miles this side of the Alabama, and Fort Hawkins, which distance our informant was nine days in travelling; and he observes, that, with the wagons and carts, there were generally pretty large families. He supposed, that from the number of persons altogether, he should be within bounds, to average twenty persons to a wagon and 10 to a cart; this, including those who were on horseback, he supposed would be within bounds, and if so, the whole number of persons met would be three thousand eight hundred and forty. Our informant, from his knowledge of the country, is of opinion that the current of emigration is such that considerable inconvenience will be experienced by the new settlers for want of provisions, as he thinks the crops have not been equal to such an increased population, and he supposes a few cargoes of Rice from the southern ports to that quarter, might afford an acceptable relief.

HARTFORD, (Conn.) Dec. 17.

Last week, before the County Court now in session in this town, came on the cause of the STATE vs. ELIJAH BOARDMAN, Capt. in the United States service, for causing riots to be beat through the public streets of

this "populous" City, while on the recruiting service in the summer of 1817. The jury returned a verdict—of guilty. On what law this prosecution is founded we know not, for we can assure our readers that we have no Statute or City law that applies to the offence, and we defy even that limb of the law, the State Attorney, to prove that it comes within any provision of the common law. It is supposed however, that Boardman was convicted on our "Blue laws," one of which, if we mistake not, ordains that no one shall play upon any instruments except the "piano harp and tramping." We are not in the habit of arranging decisions of Courts—but we do believe in this case, had he been tried by the usual rules of the law, that at least nine tenths would have acquitted him. Captain Boardman stood in this queer predicament—either to be cashiered for not doing his duty, for he was ordered here on the recruiting service, or to do it and suffer punishment therefor by a state court. Of the two evils he chose, as every other officer would have done, the latter, and has thereupon been subjected to pay nearly three hundred dollars, by being obliged to carry on the war, and is now demanding of the general government \$15,000 for her services!

THE REPOSITORY.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8.

THE SENATE of the United States has been summoned by the Executive, to meet in their chamber, in the city, on the 4th of March next, the day after the termination of the present Congress.—[Nat. Intd.]

The Slave Trade.—The Legislature of South Carolina is about to give a death blow to the inhuman and unprincipled traffic of Negro speculators.—A bill has passed the Lower House, and will, it is confidently asserted, pass the Senate, to prohibit the introduction of slaves into that state, without special permission from the Legislature, and making the violation of its provisions felony.

The Legislature of the state of Maryland have decided to the general government the exclusive right of jurisdiction in and over the ground and territory on which Forts M'Henry and Washington are erected.

Russia.—A journal is published twice a week at St. Petersburg, called the Northern Post, which contains a very liberal article on the liberty of the Press. It is under the direction of the ministry of the interior, and is written in the Russian language. The efforts of the government to promote internal and external trade, building ships, &c. are as mighty as the empire is vast.

Extract of a letter from Antigua, Nov. 23, received in New-York.

"The famous Adm. Brown, of South America, in the Hercules, has been brought in here, and vessel and cargo have been condemned, and are to be sold on the 1st Jan. The cargo is of very great value, and consists of dollars, gold dust, steel gold in bars, dry goods, elegant watches, set in diamonds, church plate, gold images, with diamond eyes, and in fact the successful plunder of many months."

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

We have correct intelligence from New Orleans to the 1st instant. The Venezuelan privateer Jupiter had captured within pistol shot of the Balize the Spanish brig La Regua de los Angeles, and the Spanish schooner Hipolita, both bound from Campeachy to New Orleans. The crews of the two vessels were landed, except the captains, who were detained on board the privateer. In consequence of this unwarrantable outrage, committed within the jurisdiction of the United States, in violation of their neutrality, Commodore PATTERSON, had taken prompt measures to capture and bring in the privateer. The New Orleans Gazette remarks upon the occasion, that "anxious as we are for the success of the patriots, we are not less anxious that they should be taught to respect the laws and dignity of the United States."

A remarkable confession.—Many singular and suspicious circumstances occurred on the appearance of a fire breaking out, not long since, in the house and premises, of a respectable shop-keeper in the city; he was consequently imprisoned and tried for the alleged heinous offence of arson. The proofs of guilt, however, were so difficult to establish, and a good testimony as to character being adduced on his trial, a verdict of not guilty was rather satisfactorily recorded in the mind of the Court and Jury.—Affliction and misfortune seemed to attend the acquitted person; before the trial, his wife died, and other losses of a different nature, com-

combined with poverty forced him into a work-house.—In his new and sorrowful abode, a sad and lingering illness commenced; he felt the terrors of death on his agitated mind, and earnestly enquiring of the medical attendant upon him the actual state of his condition, he was seriously informed that his existence would certainly be terminated.

The wretched man then said, he much wished to reveal some things which had occasioned him great misery; he had to disclose his villainous guilt in the actual crime of having set his own house on fire, and, oh! dreadful to relate! he confessed that his wife's death, had been caused by poison, administered by himself.—[Lon. Pap.]

FROM A LATE LONDON PAPER.

A horrible attempt (says a Paris private letter) was made, some nights back, to blow up the Barracks, near the barrier leading to St. Germain, on the south side of the river.—At 1 o'clock in the morning, a man was discovered with a match in his hand; he was shot by two sentinels at the same moment, and at the place where he was shot, it was discovered that there was a communication with the vaults, in which several barrels of gunpowder had been placed, for the horrible purpose of destroying 5000 men in an instant.

ADVICE.

Let men in business read that hereafter! that money can only be made in small sums at a time. Let them value what they get, use it prudently, and expend it frugally. There is no other way to make money now!

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 27.

William D. Robinson, of this city, was slain in the attack of fort Mifflin, in South America, in the month of October last.

An unlimited spirit of enterprise, with an extensive knowledge of the Spanish language, &c. induced him to take an active and it has proved, a fatal interest in the concerns of that country. His superior talents, his eccentricities, and his unexampled vicissitudes in life, are well known to many of our citizens, and to a considerable portion of the commercial world in general, to whom this information will not be uninteresting.

Who has just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

Great allowance to those who purchase to sell again.

To detect counterfeits, observe each article has on the outside wrapper the signature of NOAH RIDGELY, (Late Michael Lee & Co.)

N. B. The proprietor is in possession of many certificates of the efficacy and usefulness of the above mentioned medicines, but he will not intrude on the patience of the reader, or the columns of this paper, as he is satisfied a discerning public will still continue to duly appreciate their true merits.

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A LIST OF LETTERS

In the Post Office, Charlestown, on the 31st December, 1816.

A. James W. Athey, Robert Ais. 2; Benjamin Allen, jr. 2; Miss E. Anderson, Jeremiah Arther, Elizabeth Ais.

B. Benjamin Bell, William Burns, Corbena Baker, Daniel Brown, William Boyers, John Bull, George Blessing, John Basil, Daniel Bryan, James Blair, Elizabeth Birney, John G. Bowen, Richard Baylor, Jeremiah Bailey, Samuel Briscoe, Edward Dotney or James Fulton.

C. John F. Cox, Levi Cleveland, Elijah Chamberlin 3; William Coven, John Curdick 3; Jonathan Cox, J. Cox & Co Nancy Connel, R. R. Conrad, John Chilcote, William Cameron, Shepherd S. Church 2; Jesse Cleeland, Archer Craydock, Kitty Crane.

D. Richard Duffield, Jacob Dreamps, Wm. Douglass 2; Samuel Davenport.

E. Thosnas Fary, Robert Florence, Thomas Fitzgerald.

G. James Green, John Grant, Charles Gibbs, William Grove, Lucy A. Griffith, David Galladay, Thomas Griggs.

H. Joseph Harvey, Wm. Hulet, Elias Harvin, James Harper, Cyrus Hibben, John Humphreys, Jeremiah Harris, John Henderson, Daniel Haines, Joseph Hite, Sam. Henkle, James Hurst.

I. James Rusk Jack, George Johnson, William Johnson, Abraham Kler, James Jackson, Rebecca Janney.

K. Thomas Keyes, James Kenney.

L. Harriet Lownds, Wm. Lee, Wm. Little 2; John Lennon.

M. Abel Malony, Wm. McWilliams, Wm. Mayo, Mordecai Mohly, David Moore, Henry Moody, David G. McKee, Lewis Morris, Mr. McCarty, Elson Moore, Geo. Murphy, Elizabeth A. Nichol, Wm. McEntree, John McFarland, John Mulhony, Wm. McGuire, John Marshall, John McPherson.

N. Bradford Noyes, Andrew O'Ferral 2; Humphrey F. Oglevis, Samuel Offort, James Nichols, Thomas Neal 2.

P. Lydia Peterson, Charles Perry, Geo. Parkinson, Jacob Parson, Elizabeth Phillips, Levi Patrick, John Perry, James Potter.

R. Charles Rogan, Samuel Read, Geo. Reynolds, Harriet M. W. Riley 2; Martha Richards.

S. Wm. Symington, John Shope, Smith Slaughter, Mary Sett, Elisha Swift, Isaac Showalter 2; Alexander Straith, Andrew Snyder, John Strother, Mary B. Saunders, Stephen Simmons, Darius Stanford, John Sharp, Leonard Sailer, Elias Shope, Thomas Shannon, James Steliason.

T. James Tuite, Reason Tucker.

U. Hugh Urquhart.

V. Wm. Vestal 2;

W. Elizabeth Wyson, Moses Wilson & Son, Mary Wada, James Wood 2; Aquila Willet, Jacob Wiley, Samuel Wright, Richard Wels, James Wilkinson, Geo. Ware.

Y. Samuel T. Young, Mr. Young, Thomas Young.

Z. H. Keyes, P. M.

WEAVER'S REEDS

of a very superior make, AND TEN PLATE STOVES, just received and for sale by W. & J. LANE.

December 11.

FULLING & DYING.

CLOTH of every description will be received at the subscriber's Fulling Mill, coloured and dressed in the best manner, agreeably to the direction of the owner. The utmost diligence will be used to finish off cloth so as to give general satisfaction to customers.

The highest price given to customers and others for **SOFT SOAP**. BENJ. BEELER, Mill's Grove, December 11.

FOR RENT,

That valuable Tavern Stand, near the ran, in Charlestown, now occupied by John Wilson. No situation in the town affords greater advantages for a public house than this. There is attached to the tavern a convenient log house, and an acre lot of ground. Possession will be given on the 6th of April next. For terms apply to Jacob Heatwhol, near Charlestown.

SAMUEL HULL.

Dec. 25.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, agreeably to the will of the late James Hammond, deceased, a tract of land, called in said will *The Back Creek Farm*. This land is situated on Back Creek, Berkeley County, adjoining the land of Mr. R. Snodgrass, near Martinsburg—has a considerable proportion of bottom or low grounds—the high land is well adapted to the growth of wheat—sufficient to purchase, can make themselves acquainted with the value of this Farm, by examining it, and the terms of sale, by application to

THOMAS HAMMOND, N. B. If the said farm is not sold by the first of March, it will be for rent. Charlestown, Dec. 25.

MONEY FOUND.

A sum of money was found on the road from Charlestown to Smithfield, on Saturday the 7th inst. The owner can have it again, by describing the money, and paying for this advertisement on application to the subscriber.

C. WILLIS, Dec. 18.

John Curtile & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED A QUANTITY OF **BONNETS,** plain and dress, different colours and patterns, that they will sell low.

—ALSO— **Fur and Wool Hats, and great bargains of Cloth.**

All those wishing to purchase cloth, particularly superfine, should they give us a call, they shall have cheap coats. December 18.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STRAYED from the subscriber living about two miles from Charlestown, sometime in September last,

A Dark Bay Mare, about 144 hands high, well made, her right hind foot white, has a remarkable star in her forehead, & a lump about the size of a hen's egg under her jaw. I will give the above reward to any person giving me information of said mare, so that I get her again.

GEORGE BRYAN, December 11.

Ladies take Notice.

The subscriber has just received at his store, in Shepherdstown, a fresh and capital assortment of the best and most

FASHIONABLE GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE The most splendid Coburg Shawls, Superfine Cassimere and Merino Ditto, Silk & Cotton ditto of all sizes and prices, Ladies' elegant socks, lined with fur, Pelisse Cloths, of best colours and quality, Superfine mul mul, muslins,

Elegant Carpeting,

And almost every thing else that Ladies or Gentlemen, rich or poor, may want, and the prices are as low as they ever were, or perhaps ever will be.

JOHN KEARSLEY, Shepherdstown, Dec. 21.

CAUTION.

ALL persons are hereby cautioned against trespassing upon the land, (on the south side of Capt. B. Beeler's farm), the property of Thomas Fairfax, by passing through the same or pulling down the fences, as they will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

JOHN DOWNEY, Agent, Dec. 25.

RECEIVED

And just opened at the subscribers' store, near the Market House in Charlestown,

Fall and Winter Goods,

All of which will be sold at the most reduced prices. Our assortment being very good and all choice goods, those who wish to purchase, will certainly find it to their advantage to call here and see.

Cheap superfine Cloths and Cassimeres, Rose, striped and point Blankets, Mole-skin and other Coatings, Mole-skin, Swandown and other Vesting, Wool, Lambs' Wool, and worsted Hosiery, Calicoes, Linens, Muslins and Cambricks, Baize, Flannels and Bombazetts,

And a variety of goods of almost every kind suitable for this part of the country.

Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Sugar, Molasses, Wine, Spirits, French Brandy, Indigo, Madder, Logwood, &c. &c.

With an Elegant Assortment of Knives and Forks, every quality, And a variety of other Hardware and Cutlery, Nails and Brads.

Those goods being purchased on the best terms, we are determined to sell them off very low.

JOHN CARLILE & CO. November 20.

NOTICE

To all whom it may concern.

YOU are hereby notified that the direct Tax of the United States for the year 1816 has become due and payable, and that attendance will be given to receive the same at the following times and places, viz.

At the house of Mrs. Hickman in Front Royal on the 6th day of January next.

At the house of Austin Miskel in Millwood on the 7th day of January next.

At the house of John Pitman in Newtown on the 8th day of January next.

At the house of John W. Gordon in Midleton on the 9th day of January next.

At the house of Moses Russell on the 10th day of January next.

At the house of Moses Wilson in Battletown on the 13th day of January next.

At Wood's tavern on the 14th day of January next.

At the house of Aug. Green in Pughtown on the 15th day of January next.

At the house of Robert Fulton in Charlestown on the 6th day of January next.

At the house of William Graham at Harper's Ferry on the 7th day of January next.

At the house of Thomas James, in Shepherds-Town on the 8th day of January next.

At Monday's tavern in Middleway on the 9th day of January next.

At the house of Robert Daniel in Bucklestown on the 10th day of January next.

At the house of Mrs. Macky in Martinsburg on the 13th and 14th days of January next.

At Robinson's Mill on the 15th day of January next.

At the Post Office in Bath on the 17th day of January next.

And that correct copies of the tax lists remain with the Principal Assessor of this district open to the inspection of any person who may apply to inspect the same.

W. M. DAVISON, Collector of the 11th Collection district of Va. Winchester, Dec. 20, 1816.

NOTICE.

THE Collector of the Revenue will attend at the following places for the purpose of receiving entries of carriages liable to duty under the laws of the United States, viz.

At his office in Winchester during the month of January, from 6 o'clock A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. of each day (Sundays excepted).

At Wilson's tavern, in Battletown, on Monday the 30th of January, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At the house of John W. Gordon, in Middleton on Wednesday the 22d of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Fulton's tavern in Charlestown on Monday the 6th of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Graham's tavern at Harper's Ferry on Tuesday the 7th day of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At James tavern in Shepherdstown on Wednesday the 8th of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Monday's tavern in Smithfield on Thursday the 9th day of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Battletown on Friday the 10th of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At Mrs Mackey's tavern in Martinsburg on the 13th and 14th days of January from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

At the Post Office at Bath on the 17th day of January next from 10 o'clock A. M. to 2 P. M.

Persons who held carriages last year are desired, on renewing their entries, to produce to the Collector the certificates issued by him.

Retailers of Merchandize, Wines and spirits are also notified that their licenses generally expire on the 31st inst. and that a renewal of them is absolutely necessary.

W. DAVISON, Col. Rec. 5th Dis. Va. Winchester, Dec. 20, 1816.

FOR SALE,

A part of the tract of land called Willis place, on the east side of the Shenandoah river, containing

Fifty-four Acres, about 20 acres of which has been lately cleared, the balance is well timbered—there are no improvements, no water, but a never failing stream of good water, runs very close to it. The land is good.—Terms 800 dollars in cash and 1000 dollars at the expiration of a year without interest, or two annual payments with interest. Apply to the subscriber near Charles-Town Jefferson County Va.

BATTAILE MUSE, Nov. 6.

HACK & HORSES.

THE subscriber has for hire a Hack and Horses.

ROBERT FULTON, Charlestown, Dec. 18.

Blank Deeds, Apprentices Indentures, Constables Warrants, Attachments, Bail Bonds, and Forthcoming Bonds for sale at this Office.

MRS. MELROY,

From Baltimore, Has commenced, in the house which JACOB CRATT, Clock and Watch-maker, formerly resided,

The Milliner and Mantua Making business.

She has on hand the first Fashioned **SILK, STRAW & CHIP BONNETS.**

She is ready to receive any order in her line, and will make Gay or Plain Bonnets on the shortest notice. She will also repair all kinds of Silk, Straw and Chip Bonnets. She hopes that her friends and the public will call on her, and she will give them all the satisfaction in her power.

She has also on hand an assortment of **Fancy and Dry Goods.**

Shepherd's-Town, Nov. 20.

Elegance & Comfort Combined.

The subscriber has now open for sale A SUPERB ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' Pelisse Cloths,

Ladies' Morocco and Calskin Boots, Shoes of every description, Elegant Straw Hats and Bonnets, Stockings in great variety, Silks of almost all colours, twill'd, figured and plain,

Muslins of almost every description, Calicoes, an extensive assortment, Crapes in great abundance, Silk and Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs of almost every kind, Superfine Cloths, well assorted, Second quality, and coarse ditto,

Rose Blankets, of all sizes and qualities, Linens, coarse and fine, brown and white, Flannels of various colours, Stockings, Corsets, Velvets, Velerets, Corduroys and Cassimeres, completely assorted,

Bombazets, Bombazeens, Gingham and Dimities, Domestic Cottons, Bocking Baizes, &c. In short it is impossible to enumerate the assortment of Dry Goods now on hand, in an advertisement.

Together with Spirits, Wines, Rum, French Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, Fresh Teas, Sugars, Loaf, Lump and Brown Coffee, Tobacco, Chocolate, good Old Cheese and Philadelphia Porter, with the whole tribe of Groceries.

China, Glass and Japan'd Wares, Bureau and Bedstead Mounting, Locks and Hinges, Nails assorted, Ropes and Brushes, and a thousand other things.

Call at the subscriber's Store, on the Hill, in Shepherd's-Town, where a little money will enable purchasers to clothe themselves with elegance and comfort.

JOHN KEARSLEY, Shepherd's-Town, Nov. 13.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED

A VERY LARGE SUPPLY OF **FALL & WINTER GOODS.**

From the stock on hand the following are selected, viz.

London super and common cloths, of almost every colour.

Single and double mill'd cassimeres Ladies' cloths

Stockings, velvets and corduroys Constitution and Bangou cords Bedford and Bennett's cords Rose, point and striped blankets Vesting

Flannels Bombazeens and Bombazetts Kersey mokeskins

Plains and Kerseys Ladies' wool and worsted hosiery Merino, satin and silk shawls Laced veils and shawls Silk and cotton hosiery Kid gloves

Levantine, satins and lutestrings Thread and cotton lace

An elegant assortment of **LADIES' SHOES,**

Velvet, silk, satin and straw bonnets Irish linen and sheetings

Cambric and fancy muslins Bandano handkerchiefs Silk and cotton Umbrellas.

—ALSO— **Hardware and Cuttlery,**

China, Glass, Queen's, Stone, Wooden & Potter's Ware.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF **GROCERIES & LIQUORS,**

Paints and Medicines, **Lamp and Tannor's Oil, &c. &c.**

I solicit all persons wishing to buy goods, to call and examine my assortment; it is exceeded by very few; and my terms cannot help but give satisfaction.

R. WORTHINGTON, Nov. 6.

FOR SALE,

A part of the tract of land called Willis place, on the east side of the Shenandoah river, containing

Fifty-four Acres, about 20 acres of which has been lately cleared, the balance is well timbered—there are no improvements, no water, but a never failing stream of good water, runs very close to it. The land is good.—Terms 800 dollars in cash and 1000 dollars at the expiration of a year without interest, or two annual payments with interest. Apply to the subscriber near Charles-Town Jefferson County Va.

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BATTAILE MUSE, Nov. 6.

Save your Rags.

The highest price will be given for clean linen and cotton rags, at this office.

Black

FARMER'S REPOSITORY.

CHARLES-TOWN, (Jefferson County, Virginia,) PRINTED BY RICHARD WILLIAMS.

Vol. IX.]

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1817.

[No. 458.

TERMS OF THIS PAPER.

THE price of the FARMER'S REPOSITORY is Two Dollars a year, one dollar to be paid at the time of subscribing, and one at the expiration of the year. Distant subscribers will be required to pay the whole in advance. No paper will be discontinued (but at the option of the Editor) until arrearages are paid. Advertisements not exceeding a square, will be inserted three weeks for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion. All advertisements sent to the office without having the number of times for which they are to be inserted, designated, will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly. All communications to the Editor must be post paid.

A LIST OF LETTERS

In the Post office, Harper's Ferry, on the 31st December, 1816.

A. Robert Ais, Oliver Allen, Anson Allen, Charles B. Archbold.

B. Clemance Boatman, Francis Breridge, Philip Blessing, Thomas Boteler.

C. Robert Claggett, Mary Claggett, John Conard.

D. Jarett Donoser 2; William Douglass, Raphael Dornold, John Demmay.

E. Susan Eversoll.

F. William W. Frazier, James Fin.

G. Samuel G. Griffith, Henry Garnhart.

H. Barton Hackney, Jacob Hoover, John Heartness, George Hugely, John Harper, Samuel Henkle.

I. William Jameson.

K. Isaac Keyes 2;

L. George Little.

M. Hugh Moffet, Rev. P. Mynn, Jane Moler, Hugh McCoy.

N. Isaiah Nichols.

P. Samuel Piles.

R. Thomas Rawlins, Benjamin Rogers, Captain Stephen Root 2.

S. Jonathan Smith, John Strider, William Stevenburger, John Spalding, William Strider, Philip Strider 4.

T. Nathan Turk, Dr. Jesse Taylor.

W. Charles Wintermink, Robert Whitte, Abraham Wing, Nathan Walker.

Y. John & Henry Yonkin.

Z. George Zollinger. ROGER HUMPHREYS, P. M.

WAS FOUND

ON the road leading from Charlestown to Smithfield, a small roll of cloth, with some lining, silk, thread and buttons. The owner can have the articles by describing them and paying for this advertisement.

Wm. BELL, December 30.

FOR SALE,

A part of the tract of land called Willis place, on the east side of the Shenandoah river, containing

Fifty-four Acres, about 20 acres of which has been lately cleared, the balance is well timbered—there are no improvements, no water, but a never failing stream of good water, runs very close to it. The land is good.—Terms 800 dollars in cash and 1000 dollars at the expiration of a year without interest, or two annual payments with interest. Apply to the subscriber near Charles-Town Jefferson County Va.

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BATTAILE MUSE, Nov. 6.

Blank Deeds, Apprentices Indentures, Constables Warrants, Attachments, Bail Bonds, and Forthcoming Bonds for sale at this Office.

MEDICINES.

Lee's Antibilious Pills, for the prevention and cure of Bilious Fevers, &c. Lee's Elixir for violent colds, Coughs, &c. Lee's Infalible Aque and Fever Drops. Lee's Worm destroying Lozenges. Lee's Ith Ointment, warranted to cure by one application, without Mercury. Lee's Grand Restorative for nervous disorders, inward weakness, &c. Lee's Persian Lotion, for letters and eruptions. Lee's Essence and Extract of Mustard, for the Rheumatism, &c. Lee's Eye Water. Lee's Tooth Ache Drops. Lee's Damask Lip Salve. Lee's Corn Plaster. Lee's Anodyne Elixir, for the cure of head aches.

Lee's Tooth Powder.

The above eminently useful and highly approved Family Medicines are carefully prepared by NOAH RIDGELY, at his Dispensary, No. 68, Hanover street, Baltimore, where they may be had wholesale and retail. They are also sold by his appointment by

JANE FRAME, Charlestown.

Who has just received a fresh supply from Baltimore.

Great allowance to those who purchase to sell again.

To detect counterfeits, observe each article has on the outside wrapper the signature of

NOAH RIDGELY, (Late Michael Lee & Co.)

N. B. The proprietor is in possession of many certificates of the efficacy and assistance for the amelioration of their peculiarly afflicting and distressed situation.

Melancholy Shipwreck.